Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the material and supplier

Product name: Rolling Oil Z

Other Names

Product use: A highly refined white oil used in metal working

Supplier: Peak Lubricants Pty Ltd
224-230 South Gippsland Hwy
Dandenong
Victoria 3175

ABN 74887410101

Telephone: (03) 9799 0977

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER (03) 9799 0977

2. Hazards identification

Statement of hazardous/dangerous nature
Not classified as hazardous according to criteria of NOHSC
While this material is not considered to be hazardous, it should be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS</th>
<th>Proportion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Technical White Oils</td>
<td>8042-47-5</td>
<td>95%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emulsifying agent</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. First-aid measures

Skin contact
This product is not expected to cause any skin irritation upon direct single or repeated and prolonged contact; however, similar chemical composition products applied to skin of laboratory animals resulted in minimal to slight dermal irritation.

Inhalation
This product has a low vapor pressure and is not expected to present an inhalation hazard at ambient conditions. Caution should be taken to prevent aerosolization or misting of this product. See Section 8 for oil mist exposure limits.
On rare occasions, prolonged and repeated exposure to oil mist poses a risk of pulmonary disease such as chronic lung inflammation. Shortness of breath and cough are the most common symptoms. There are low-grade, chronic localized tissue reactions.

Eye contact
This product is minimally irritating to the eyes upon direct contact.

Ingestion
Ingestion is relatively non-toxic unless aspiration occurs. This product has laxative properties and may result in abdominal cramps and diarrhea. Exposure to a large single dose, or repeated small doses, may lead to lung aspiration, which can lead to lipid pneumonia or chronic lung inflammation.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing Media Suitable
In case of fire, use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguisher or spray.

Do not use water jet.

**Protection of fire-fighters**
Fire-fighters should wear self-contained positive pressure breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

**Special fire-fighting procedures**
None identified

**Unusual fire/explosion Hazards**
This material is not explosive as defined by established regulatory criteria.

**Hazard from combustion products**
Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide

6. **Accidental release measures**

**Emergency Procedures**
Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (See Section: "Exposure controls/personal protection"). Follow all fire fighting procedures (See Section: "Fire-fighting measures")

**Methods and materials for containment and clean-up**
If emergency personnel are unavailable, contain spilled material. For small spills add absorbent (soil may be used in the absence of other suitable materials) scoop up material and place in a sealed, liquid proof container for disposal. For large spills dike spilled material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway. Place spilled material in an appropriate container for disposal. Avoid contact of spill material with soil and prevent runoff entering surface waterways. See Section 13 for Waste Disposal Information.

7. **Handling and storage**

**Handling**
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Storage**
Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Store under cover away from heat and sources of ignition. Reference should be made to Australian Standard AS1940 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids.

**Additional information-Storage**
Classified as combustible liquid Class C2 (AS 1940). Product contaminated rags paper or material used to absorb spillages represent a fire hazard and should not be allowed to accumulate. Dispose of safely immediately after use.

8. **Exposure controls/personal protection**

**Ingredient name Occupational exposure limits**
Base oil - unspecified NOHSC (Australia). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Oil mist, mineral.

Whilst specific OELs for certain components are included in this data sheet, it should be noted that other components of the preparation will be present in any mist, vapour or dust produced. For this reason, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product and are provided for guidance purposes.

**Control Measures**
Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits.

**Hygiene measures**
Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

**Biological Limit Values**
No biological limit allocated.

**Personal protective equipment**
Hands
Wear protective gloves if prolonged or repeated contact is likely. Chemical resistant gloves. Recommended: Nitrile gloves.
The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the gloves (even the best chemically resistant glove will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Most gloves provide only a short time of protection before they must be discarded and replaced. Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Gloves should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Eyes
Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and Body
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wear protective clothing if prolonged or repeated contact is likely.

Respiratory system
Avoid breathing of vapours, mists or spray. Select and use respirators in accordance with AS/NZS 1715/1716. When mists or vapours exceed the exposure standards then the use of the following is recommended: Approved respirator with organic vapour and dust/mist (Type P1) filters. Filter capacity and respirator type depends on exposure level

9 . Physical and chemical properties

- **Flash point**: 130 °C
- **Auto Ignition Temperature**: 220 °C
- **Appearance**: Clear Liquid
- **Specific Gravity**: 0.81 @ 15C
- **Solubility**: Soluble in hydrocarbons, insoluble in water

10 . Stability and reactivity

- **Hazardous polymerization**: Will not occur

- **Stability**: This product is stable

- **Conditions to Avoid**: Keep away from fire, extreme heat, and oxidising compounds

- **Incompatibility with various substances/Hazardous Reactions**: Reactive with oxidizing compounds

- **Hazardous Decomposition Products**: Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide

11 . Toxicological information

- **Effects and symptoms**
  - **Eyes**: Unlikely to cause more than transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.
  - **Skin**: Prolonged or repeated contact can de-fat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.
  - **Inhalation**: Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.
  - **Ingestion**: Unlikely to cause harm if accidentally swallowed in small doses, though larger quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.

- **Carcinogenic effects**: No component of this product at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen by ACGIH, the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the European Commission (EC), or the National Occupational Health and Safety
12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity**
Not classified as environmentally hazardous in accordance with the ‘Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances’ [NOHSC (1008)/2004 as amended and adapted].

**Biodegradability**
The biodegradability of this material has not been determined.

**Mobility**
Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.

13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal Consideration / Waste information**
Avoid contact of spilled material and runoff with soil and surface waterways. Consult an environmental professional to determine if local, regional or national regulations would classify spilled or contaminated materials as hazardous waste. Use only approved transporters, recyclers, treatment, storage or disposal facilities. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

**Special Precautions for Landfill or Incineration**
No additional special precautions identified.

14. Transport information

Not classified as dangerous for transport (ADG, IMDG, ICAO/IATA).

**Special precautions for user**
See section 7 of this data sheet for additional handling information.

15. Regulatory information

**Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons**
Not regulated.

**Control of Scheduled Carcinogenic Substances**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name Schedule</th>
<th>Schedule</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No Listed Substance</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16. Other information

**Prepared by** Peak Technical Advice

**Notice to reader**
The information sourced for the preparation of this document was correct and complete at the time of writing to the best of the writer’s knowledge. The document represents the commitment to the company’s responsibilities surrounding the supply of this product, undertaken in good faith. This document should be taken as a safety guide for the product and its recommended uses, but is in no way an absolute authority. Please consult the relevant legislation and regulations governing the use and storage of this type of product. For further information, please contact Peak Lubricants.

**Key to abbreviations**
AMP = Acceptable Maximum Peak
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, an agency that promulgates exposure standards.
ADG = Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail
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CAS Number = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
HAZCHEM Code = Emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency services. Its use is required by the ADG Code for Dangerous Goods in bulk.
ICAO = International Civil Aviation Organization.
IATA = International Air Transport Association, the organization promulgating rules governing shipment of goods by air.
IMDG = International Maritime Organization Rules, rules governing shipment of goods by water.
IP 346 = A chemical screening assay for dermal toxicity. The European Commission has recommended that Method IP 346 be used as the basis for labelling certain lubricant oil base stocks for carcinogenicity. The EU Commission has stipulated that the classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3% DMSO extract as measured by IP 346. (See Note L, European Commission Directive 67/548/EEC as amended and adapted.) DMSO is a solvent.
NOHSC = National Occupational Health & Safety Commission, Australia
TWA = Time weighted average
STEL = Short term exposure limit
UN Number = United Nations Number, a four digit number assigned by the United Nations Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods.